## Transverse spin current and spin polarization induced by a charge current in two-dimensional electron systems with spin-orbit interaction

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Electric field and/or temperature gradient in two-dimensional electron systems with spin-orbit interaction lead in a general case to transverse spin current (spin Hall and spin Nernst effects, respectively). Apart from this, charge current can also induce a nonequilibrium spin polarization, vertical to the corresponding electric field (Edelstein effect). The above mentioned phenomena in two-dimensional electron gas, single-layer and bilayer graphene, and also in other graphene-like systems will be presented and briefly discussed. As the spin-orbit interaction we assume the Rashba coupling due to a substrate and also the intrinsic spin-orbit coupling in the case of graphene and graphenelike systems. The case of spatially fluctuating Rashba coupling will also be considered.

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