

Unconventional transition to topological superconductivity in a self-organized magnetic ladder

M.M. Mańska,¹ N. Sedlmayr,² A. Kobiałka,² and T. Domański²

¹*Wrocław University of Science and Technology, 50-370 Wrocław, Poland*

²*M. Curie-Skłodowska University, 20-031 Lublin, Poland*

In bulk materials magnetism and superconductivity are regarded to be conflicting phenomena. Their coexistence in nanoscopic heterostructures, however, can lead to emergence of novel states of matter – a topological superconducting phase being one prominent example. We show that magnetic atoms arranged into nanowires [1,2] or ladders [2] on top of conventional superconductor develop their helical ordering which self-sustains the topologically nontrivial phase of itinerant electrons, hosting the Majorana boundary modes. Furthermore, we predict an *unconventional transition to topological phase without any gap closing* due to discontinuous mismatch (π -shift) of the helical ordering between the legs of magnetic ladder proximitized to superconductor. The underlying mechanism is generic, and could be generalized to different dimensions, and to different forms of topological order, potentially opening up new perspectives for designing the topological matter.

References:

- [1] A. Gorczyca-Goraj, T. Domański, and M.M. Mańska, *Topological superconductivity at finite temperatures in proximitized magnetic nanowires*, Phys. Rev. B **99**, 235430 (2019).
- [2] A. Kobiałka, N. Sedlmayr, M.M. Mańska, and T. Domański, *Dimerization-induced topological superconductivity in a Rashba nanowire*, Phys. Rev. B **101**, 085402 (2020).
- [3] M.M. Mańska, N. Sedlmayr, A. Kobiałka, and T. Domański, *Unconventional topological transitions in a self-organized magnetic ladder*, arXiv:2103.01961 (2021).

This work is supported by the National Science Centre (Poland) under the grants 2018/29/B/ST3/01892 (M.M.M.), 2019/35/B/ST3/03625 (N.S.), and 2017/27/B/ST3/01911 (A.K., T.D.)