

# Multiferroicity with improper ferroelectricity and uniaxial ferromagnetism in $\text{EuAl}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$

G. Bastien,<sup>1</sup> A. Eliáš,<sup>1</sup> Q. Courtade,<sup>1</sup> T. Haidamak,<sup>1</sup> D. Repček,<sup>2</sup> M. Savinov,<sup>2</sup> P. Proschek,<sup>1</sup> M. Vališka,<sup>1</sup> M. Kratochvílová,<sup>1</sup> S. Kamba,<sup>2</sup> and R. H. Colman<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics,*

*Department of Condensed Matter Physics, Prague, Czech Republic*

<sup>2</sup>*Institute of Physics, Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic*

We report the discovery of a multiferroic phase in  $\text{EuAl}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$  with ferroelectric ordering at  $T_e=50$  K and a ferromagnetic ordering at  $T_C=1.3$  K.  $\text{EuAl}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$  is a quasi-two dimensional ferromagnet with magnetic ions  $\text{Eu}^{2+}$  building a planar triangular lattice. The magnetic ground state is ferromagnetic with a strong magnetic anisotropy, which may results from allowed Dzyaloshinskii–Moriya interactions. At the center of every second triangle of magnetic ions sits an electric dipoles  $\text{AlO}_5$ . The electric dipoles form also a triangular lattice, which may realize ferroelectric frustration, an analog of the famous problem of frustrated magnetism on a triangular lattice. These electric dipoles order via an improper ferroelectric phase transition at  $T_e=50$  K leading to an unusual case of type I multiferroicity in  $\text{EuAl}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$ .