On magnetic models in wavefunction ensembles

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We recasted thermodynamics in terms of spin-wavefunction ensembles, rather than classical particle configurations or "found" values of Copenaghen Quantum Mechanics. This asks a completely new mathematical treatment. In these ensembles, magnetic phase transitions are possible if and only if we consider indistinguishable particles together with a macroscopic non-linearity which blocks macroscopic dispersion (i.e. macroscopic superpositions) by energy conservation (preserving norm and energy). This mechanism is negligible at atomic scale but becomes very large for large N, and hence is of possible interest for the Classical-Quantum boundary.

References:

[1] arXiv:2208.07688