

**SIMULATIONS OF THE THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES  
OF A DODECANUCLEAR NICKEL RING**

**G. Kamieniarz<sup>a</sup>, M. Haglauer<sup>a</sup>, A. Caramico D'Auria<sup>b</sup>, F. Esposito<sup>b</sup>  
and D. Gatteschi<sup>c</sup>**

<sup>a</sup>Computational Physics Division, Institute of Physics, Adam Mickiewicz University,  
ul. Umultowska 85, 61-614 Poznań, Poland

<sup>b</sup>Dipartimento di Scienze Fisiche, Università di Napoli, 80125 Napoli  
and INFN Unità di Napoli, Italy

<sup>c</sup>Dipartimento di Chimica, Università di Firenze, Sesto Fiorentino, Italy

The numerical exact diagonalization technique exploiting the point-group symmetry is worked out for the anisotropic Heisenberg spin Hamiltonian with the ring geometry. It is applied to the supramolecule  $\text{Ni}_{12}(\text{O}_2\text{CMe})_{12}(\text{chp})_{12}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6(\text{THF})_6$ , in large-scale simulations, yielding the low-level energy spectra as a function of the single-ion anisotropy  $D$  and the thermodynamic functions. The constant  $D$  is analysed and estimated at  $D/k_B = 1.5$  K. The results for the zero-field susceptibility and the field-dependent magnetization are presented and compared with experimental data.

13.4 cm

**Subject category :**

6. Theory of Magnetism

**Presentation mode :**

poster

**Corresponding author :**

G. Kamieniarz

**Address for correspondence :**

Computational Physics Division,  
Institute of Physics, Adam Mickiewicz University,  
ul. Umultowska 85, 60-614 Poznań, Poland

**Email address :**

gjk@amu.edu.pl

9.7 cm