

AB INITIO STUDY OF MOLECULAR MAGNETISM OF m-SrN

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Magnetic properties of solids typically originate in the presence of ions with partially filled d or f shells. Recently, observations of ferromagnetism in organic materials [1] and in ZnO:C [2] have stimulated interest in magnetism in systems without magnetic ions. Moreover, theory indicates that ferromagnetism can exist in II-V nitrides (SrN and CaN) in the metastable NaCl structure [3].

The experimental structure of SrN is monoclinic (m), in which there are two types of nitrogen ions with different coordinations [4]: one half on N ions form N₂ dimers, while the remaining ions are "isolated", i.e., surrounded by 6 Sr neighbors. Magnetic and electronic structure of m-SrN was analyzed within the density functional theory. We find that m-SrN is a molecular antiferromagnet. N₂ dimers are in 2- charge state with two electrons occupying antibonding π orbitals that carry magnetic moments of about $1 \mu_B$ per dimer. The high-spin configuration of N₂ is stable because the strong exchange-induced spin polarization of the compact π orbitals dominates the relatively weak hybridization effects with Sr neighbors. Thus, this configuration is similar to that of O₂ in molecular magnet Rb₂O₆ [5].

[1].H. Ohldag et al., *ibid.* 98, 187204 (2007).

[2] H. Pan et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 99, 127201 (2007).

[3] O.Volnianska and P. Boguslawski, *Phys. Rev. B* 75, 224418 (2007).

[4] G. Auffermann et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 40, 547 (2001).

[5] J. Winterlink et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 129, 6990 (2007).

9.7 cm

13.4 cm

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2. Quantum and Classical Spin Systems

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