

Smearred antiferromagnetic phase transition in $\text{Ce}_2\text{Cu}_{2-x}\text{Ni}_x\text{In}$

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$\text{Ce}_2\text{Cu}_2\text{In}$ and $\text{Ce}_2\text{Ni}_2\text{In}$ crystallize in a primitive tetragonal structure of the Mo_2FeB_2 type. The former compound orders antiferromagnetically at the Néel temperature $T_N = 5.5$ K, while the latter one is a system with fluctuating valence [1]. Here we report on low temperature physical properties of the solid solution $\text{Ce}_2\text{Cu}_{2-x}\text{Ni}_x\text{In}$ studied by means of x-ray powder diffraction, magnetization and electrical resistivity measurements, using polycrystalline specimens. We show that partial substitution of Cu by Ni results in a monotonic decrease of the unit cell volume. Magnetic moments of Ce^{3+} ions remain well localized with increasing x up to about 1.2, while the magnetic properties of the alloys with larger Ni contents suggest non-integer valency of cerium. In the localized regime, T_N is not suppressed to absolute zero, as might be expected. Instead, the antiferromagnetic anomaly quickly broadens with increasing x , and the ordering temperature is reduced only down to about 2.2 K for $x = 0.3$. For larger x any anomaly in the physical properties of $\text{Ce}_2\text{Cu}_{2-x}\text{Ni}_x\text{In}$ is hardly visible. In other words, partial isostructural substitution of Cu by Ni in $\text{Ce}_2\text{Cu}_2\text{In}$ does not result in moving the system through a quantum critical point, as observed in many otherwise similar compounds.

[1] D. Kaczorowski, P. Rogl, and K. Hiebl, Phys. Rev. B 54 (1996) 9891.

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